HOUSE RESEARCH ORGANIZATION	bill analysis 5/13/1999	HB 949 C. Jones, McReynolds, Hawley, et al. (CSHB 949 by B. Turner)
SUBJECT:	Exempting certain reserve officers from the Private Investigators Act	
COMMITTEE:	Public Safety — committee substitute recommended	
VOTE:	8 ayes — B. Turner, Berman, Carter, Driver, Gutierrez, Hupp, P. King, Najera	
	0 nays	
	1 absent — Keel	
WITNESSES:	<ul> <li>JESSES: For — Gene Barber; Randie Cook, Texas Silver Haired Legislature; Charles Kenner</li> <li>Against — Caryl Bunton, Bailey Elkin, and Herb Kelpen, ASSIST</li> </ul>	
	On — Jay Kimbrough, Texas Board of Security Agencies	of Private Investigators and Private
BACKGROUND:	e	e, at grocery stores or football games. t from the act only while performing
DIGEST:	to exempt a person who is a reserve p population below 85,000 while perfor that county. The person would be exe performed in an employee-employer r contractual basis and if the guard had endorsement from the Board of Privat	ming guard company services within mpt only if the guard services were relationship or on an individual received a reserve peace officer

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The bill would define "reserve peace officer endorsement" as an endorsement granted by the board authorizing a reserve officer to provide guard company services within the county in which the officer maintains reserve status. The bill would set a fee of \$25 for this endorsement.

The board would have to adopt rules for administering and issuing a reserve peace officer endorsement. The board could not require a person applying for or renewing a reserve officer endorsement to submit fingerprints for classification by the Department of Public Safety or the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

A reserve peace officer endorsement would be considered a license for law enforcement purposes.

An officer with an endorsement would have to notify the board promptly in writing of any change in address and would have to surrender the endorsement to the board on termination of peace officer status in the county in which the person performed guard company services.

This bill would take effect September 1, 1999.

- SUPPORTERS SAY: Law enforcement agencies in small counties should be able to pay licensed reserve officers to work at public events. Agencies in small counties often cannot hire enough officers because of minimal funding. In these counties, it is important for the agencies to be able to hire local, available reserve officers to supply extra law enforcement presence at public events such as high school football games or fairs. Organizers of such events often do not wish to contract with private security businesses, as these personnel do not hold the same certification or training as certified reserve officers. Furthermore, private security officers can make only citizens' arrests.
- OPPONENTS Reserve officers are supposed to be civic-minded citizens who work for no compensation. They usually have other full-time jobs and are not full-time peace officers. They should not be seen by the public as licensed peace officers and should not be compensated for their actions.

Private security companies are in the business of licensing, training, insuring, and paying sales tax on their officers. Private security officers work full-time in these security jobs. They should not have to compete with reserve officers

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	who have purchased the uniforms of their local law enforcement agencies and who have full-time jobs in other lines of work but who appear to be peace officers.
	Constables and sheriffs are not responsible for the actions of their reserve officers. Reserve officers also have no workers' compensation insurance through the law enforcement agency. Therefore, reserve officers should not be paid to represent the constable's or sheriff's department at public events.
by si	In the 1997 legislative session, three similar bills died in the House: HB 3289 by Bailey, HB 2999 by Wilson, and SB 922 by Lewis. In the 1995 session, a similar bill, SB 813 by Henderson, passed the Senate and reported by the House Public Safety Committee but was not set on the calendar.
	A related bill, HB 394 by Longoria, also is on today's calendar.

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