ORGANIZATION bill analysis 5/10/1999 Greenberg

SUBJECT: Simultaneous high school and community college credit courses

COMMITTEE: Public Education — favorable, without amendment

VOTE: 7 ayes — Sadler, Grusendorf, Hochberg, Lengefeld, Oliveira, Olivo, Smith

0 nays

2 absent — Dutton, Dunnam

WITNESSES: For — Richard Fonte, Austin Community College

Against — None

BACKGROUND: Current law allows a student simultaneously to receive high school and

> community college credit for a college course if the course applies to high school graduation requirements. The law allows the community college to

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waive tuition for simultaneous credit courses.

The bill would take effect September 1, 1999.

DIGEST: HB 3290 would remove the requirement that a college course must apply

> toward high school graduation requirements for a student to receive simultaneous credit in high school and community college, plus a tuition waiver if allowed by the college. Under HB 3290, the simultaneous credit

course would have to meet only the student's high school academic

requirements.

**SUPPORTERS** 

SAY:

HB 3290 states that any course that applied to high school academic requirements, not just graduation requirements, would be eligible for simultaneous credit and a tuition waiver at a community college. For

example, an advanced student might enroll in a calculous course and receive college credit. However, if the high school's graduation requirement specified an algebra course, the student would not be eligible for double credit or a tuition waiver. Under HB 3290, the student could receive an elective credit in

high school and college credit as well.

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This bill would allow community colleges to waive tuition for more courses because more courses would be eligible for simultaneous credit. It would encourage students to enroll in more college-level courses and receive simultaneous high school credit while saving money. This measure would help more students complete college degree or certificate programs.

OPPONENTS SAY:

No apparent opposition.

NOTES:

The companion bill, SB 1352 by Barrientos, passed the Senate on April 21 and was reported favorably, without amendment, by the House Public Education Committee on May 6.