(2nd reading) HB 2406 Davis

SUBJECT: Allowing a chiropractor to be expert witness in health care liability case

COMMITTEE: Judiciary and Civil Jurisprudence — favorable, without amendment

VOTE: 8 ayes — Leach, Davis, Julie Johnson, Krause, Middleton, Moody,

Schofield, Smith

0 nays

1 absent — Dutton

WITNESSES: For — Thomas Hollingsworth, Texas Chiropractic Association;

(Registered, but did not testify: Lee Parsley, Texans for Lawsuit Reform; Mo Jahadi, Texas Chiropractic Association; Ware Wendell, Texas Watch)

Against - None

BACKGROUND: Civil Practice and Remedies Code secs. 74.351 and 74.403 allow certain

qualified health care providers, including physicians, to provide expert

testimony in suits involving health care liability claims.

Interested parties suggest that chiropractors currently are not authorized to serve as expert witnesses on causation in malpractice suits concerning

chiropractic care and may be qualified for such purposes.

DIGEST: HB 2406 would allow a chiropractor to qualify as an expert witness in a

suit involving a health care liability claim against a chiropractor on the issue of the causal relationship between the alleged departure from accepted standards of care and the injury, harm, or damages claimed. A chiropractor or physician who was otherwise qualified to render opinions

on that causal relationship under the Texas Rules of Evidence could

qualify as an expert witness.

The bill would take effect September 1, 2021, and would apply only to an

action commenced on or after the effective date.